

Qarabağ *Az*ərbaycandır!

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Patriotic war and our literature

Azerbaijan is one of the most complex and today quite important geopolitical regions of the planet. as, from time to time, having mastered the traditions of political, diplomatic, military struggle, gained great experience of state and culture building, in the atmosphere of cultural life, from stale and stale to epics and verlibres, from tiles, miniatures and carpets to Maiden's Castle, Khudafarin Bridge and "Fire Towers" has also created an aesthetic space.

Modern Azerbaijan, which was formed in the South Caucasus as a part of the Turkic world, is the heir of the great Turkish heritage, which considers the state as life and war as a craft, with its deep roots - the centuries-old history of statehood in Eurasia from the Blue Turks to the Seljuks, the Ötüken (Orkhon-Yenisei) Turkic Inscriptions, and the Oghuznames. The Azerbaijan Democratic Republic is only a bright spark of this great history that gives impetus to our modern sovereignty. In the historical geography of Azerbaijan, Manna (IX-VI BC), Midia [Mada] (670-550 BC), Atropatena (321 BC - 224 BC), Albania (BC IV - VIII BC), Sajis (879-941), Salaris (941-981), Ravvadis (981-1054), Shaddadis (951-1174), Shirvanshahs (861-1538), Garagoyunlu (1375-1469), Aggoyunlu (1378-1503) states, other dominions, emirates and principalities existed. 3.9 million sq.km., where the two mighty empires of the East - the Oghuz Turks (nations of modern Turkey and Azerbaijani Turks later branching from the same trunk) laid the foundation. On the basis of the Great Seljuk Empire covering the territory, the Atabays [Eldegiz] (1136-1225), who created the Turkish state of Azerbaijan for the first time in history and formalized the word "Azerbaijan" in the name of the state, and besides our country, Iran, Armenia, Iraq, Afghanistan, Turkmenistan, eastern The founders of the Safavid state (1501-1736), which covers a large part of the territory of Anatolia, northeastern India and Uzbekistan (3.5 million sq.km.), are precisely the Azerbaijani Turks - the passionate army of the union of Azerbaijani Turkic tribes are the Gildheads.

In history, Karabakh founded several states and two empires. Azerbaijanis also lived in two empires (Arab caliphate and Russia). Since they did not lose their ethnogenetic memory, they achieved progress in the states and empires they founded, and did not miss opportunities for progress in the empires they depended on. The historical and political life of our country has been a field of struggle against foreign invaders, popular uprisings, shocking changes of power, coups d'état, religious and ideological confrontations and polarizations. It was the Artistic Word that turned all these into the Historical Memory of the nation - its culture, art, literature, and the yeast of literature.